

# Eat well, spend less

Healthy eating is important and doesn't need to be expensive. This food fact sheet will give you some ideas to help you to eat well and keep costs down.

#### Top tips to save money when shopping

Follow these tips when you go shopping to help you spend less:

- 1. Make a meal plan, particularly for your main meals
- 2. Write a shopping list and check what food you already have at home to avoid buying things you don't need
- 3. Select a time to shop in the week when you are not in a rush
- 4. If you can, avoid shopping on an empty stomach as it may affect what and how much you buy. Consider shopping after you have eaten
- 5. Be aware that special offers are not always the cheapest option (See 'How to read a label')
- 6. Ask a member of staff at your supermarket for fresh food reduction times and try to shop then for reduced priced items. Avoid purchasing more than you need or can store. Use within the specified date or freeze for later
- 7. Value brands often taste just as good for a lower price
- 8. Local food markets offer locally-sourced foods which are usually good value for money
- Cheaper products are not always at eye level or positioned obviously. Check out all the shelves (including top and bottom)
- 10. Larger supermarkets offer a better range of produce, often at a cheaper cost, so do your main shop there if you can

#### How to read a label

When deciding which product to buy, use the unit pricing to check the price of a food for a specific unit of weight (or volume). It helps you select between products when the product size is different, or if one product is on a 'special offer'.

Understanding unit pricing	
Cornflakes Cereal 720g - £2.40 £0.33/100g	Cornflakes Cereal 1kg - £3.00 £0.30/100g
Chicken Breast 300g - £1.80 £6.00/kg	<b>Chicken Breast</b> 650g - £3.80 <b>£5.85/kg</b>
Braeburn Apple five pack 670g - £1.60 £2.39/kg	Braeburn Apple Loose <b>£2.20/kg</b>

Unit pricing can help you get better value for money, but remember to still only purchase what you need to avoid wasting your food and your money.



Label showing price per KG

## 5-a-day on a budget

This section shows you how to achieve five portions of fruit and vegetables a day on a budget:

- Select seasonal fruits and vegetables as they are widely available and less expensive, for example strawberries in summer and parsnips in winter
- Consider loose produce, for example loose apples are often cheaper than the packaged variety

  (See 'How to read a label')
- Some supermarkets sell 'wonky' fruit and vegetables which are just as nutritious but vary in shape and size - so cost less
- Tinned fruits and vegetables are cheap and quick options to add to meals. For example, a portion of baked beans is one of your 5-a-day and a source of protein. For a healthier choice choose fruit canned in natural juice rather than syrup and vegetables canned in water without added salt
- Frozen fruits and vegetables can be good value and highly nutritious as the nutrients are sealed in during the freezing process. They are also preprepared which makes cooking quicker and easier. Try adding some to your meals, for example, add



- A small, cupped handful (30g) of dried fruit is a portion and can be added to your cereal or salad, for example raisins or apricots
- Visit a local allotment or community garden as they may have cheap fruits and vegetables for sale

Budget meal ideas		
Meal	Ideas	
Breakfast	Value cereals, milk and a portion of dried fruit Porridge oats soaked overnight with yoghurt and frozen berries Hot porridge topped with dried fruit Eggs, baked beans or nut butter on brown toast Cheese and vegetable omelette	
Lunch	Egg or cheese spread or cheese and cucumber sandwiches Homemade or tinned soup with brown bread Tinned fish on toast or in a sandwich served with salad Jacket potato with baked beans, cheese, cottage cheese or tinned fish with salad	
Evening meal	Veggie burger with homemade potato wedges and frozen peas Cottage pie served with peas and carrots Chicken and vegetable stew with Jollof rice or couscous Tuna and sweetcorn pasta bake Vegetable curry and rice Rice and peas with mackerel in tomato sauce	
Pudding	Tinned or seasonal fruit served with yoghurt  Homemade apple crumble and custard  Rice pudding with jam	
Snacks	Malt loaf with low fat spread Carrot, cucumber or celery sticks with hummus Cheese and crackers Boiled egg Sliced apple with peanut butter	

## Cooking tips and reducing food waste

Microwave popcorn

Cooking from scratch can be cheap, fun and builds your confidence! Follow these tips below:

- Make your favourite takeaway food at home, for example curry and rice or stir fry with noodles
- Make homemade soups from leftover vegetables
- Leave fruit and vegetable skins on wherever possible and suitable. If peeling is required, some peelings can be added to recipes like soups or stews
- Reduce your meat portions and consider having a meat free meal or day at least once per week

- Replace protein sources with alternatives, for example, add chickpeas to curry or baked beans to shepherd's pie
- Good value protein sources include: baked beans, tinned mixed beans, tinned chickpeas, lentils, some meat substitutes, milk, yoghurt, hummus, hens' eggs, frozen chicken thighs, budget cuts of meat, tinned fish (especially sardines and mackerel) or frozen fish
- Prepare a homemade packed lunch, for example leftovers from the night before or a sandwich
- Have a stock of herbs and spices to add flavour to meals or side dishes. Mixed herbs are good to add to most savoury dishes
- Freeze excess food, such as bread and other perishables. Most foods can be frozen, so look at the packaging for guidance
- Consider bulk or batch cooking meals if you can (make a large amount and split into portions). Freeze or refrigerate leftovers for convenience and to save money

#### **Further Information**

If you are struggling to afford food and would like support, these are organisations that can help:

**Citizen's Advice** can help you understand what support you may be entitled to and make the most of your money

**Food banks** supply free food to people that are struggling financially. Search the Salvation Army or Trussell Trust website for your closest food bank. Usually, you need a referral for a Trussell Trust food bank (for example from a social worker, health care professional or school). To find a local independent food bank you can contact ifanconnect@gmail.com. Some independent food banks require a referral.

If you are pregnant or have young children, you may be eligible for Healthy Start Vouchers and can apply online or by post.

### Top tips

- 1. Make a meal plan and plan your shopping trips
- 2. Look for cheap and convenient ways to get your 5-a-day
- 3. Read the label to make sure you are getting the best value for money
- 4. Use food 'waste' such as peel to flavour soups and stews
- 5. 'Batch cook' where possible

If you are having difficulty eating healthily on a budget, ask your GP, speak with a dietitian, or contact the support organisations listed above.

This Food Fact Sheet is a public service of The British Dietetic Association (BDA) intended for information only. It is not a substitute for proper medical diagnosis or dietary advice given by a dietitian.

If you need to see a dietitian, visit your GP for a referral or bda.uk.com/find-a-dietitian for a private dietitian. You can check your dietitian is registered at hcpc-uk.org.

This Food Fact Sheet and others are available to download free of charge at bda.uk.com/foodfacts

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The information sources used to develop this fact sheet are available at bda.uk.com/foodfacts

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