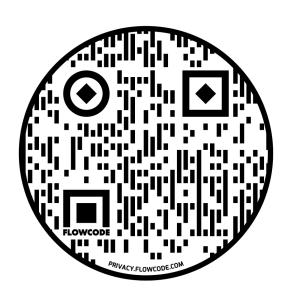
APS Exercise Calculators



Watch this training video

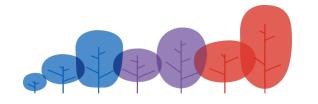
https://screencast-o-matic.com/watch/cYXFDyLoc6





Mr. John Pemberton

John works at the Birmingham Women's Children's Hospital as a Diabetes Specialist Dietitian, helping look after 300 children with Type 1 Diabetes, and 25 Children with Type 2 Diabetes. The bulk of his work involves empowering and educating Children and Young People and their families to self-manage diabetes. His current interests include the effective use of new technology (APS, CGM, pumps), re-establishing foundational principles (three balanced meals, regular activity and insulin timings) and how expectations drive change. He created the "CGM Academy" that teaches Dynamic Glucos Management in 2020, implemented a nove high Habit pathway in 2019, co-authored the ACDC CGM guidance in 2018, and implemented the KISS system for giving extra insulin for high fat and protein meals in 2017. His niche lies in developing easy to use interactive PDF tools that put the theory into practice. His most important jobs are being a top dat to Grace and Jude and trying to be a half decent husband to Dani.



Before getting the calculators



- You must have watched the APS Guide:
 - https://screencast-o-matic.com/watch/cYXIIKMKso



- You must watch this video to be able to answer the competency
- You must have got competency for the type 1 DEC without APS:
 - https://forms.gle/VzgR2dn6CCuP14AQA



- You must be a diabetes health care professional
- You must score 9/10 on the competency
 - https://forms.gle/c1xMp6M5GymMoAuV6



You must not share the calculators



The different systems with CE Mark



Variable	670G – Auto Mode	780G – SmartGuard	T-Slim Control IQ	CamAPS FX
Where to get	https://hcp.medtronic-	https://hcp.medtronic-diabetes.co.uk/	https://www.airliquidehealthcare.co.uk/sit	https://camdiab.cdep.org.uk/
training?	diabetes.co.uk/		es/homecare uk/files/Control-IQ-Training-	
			for-Clinical-Professionals-	
			Module/story.html	
What need	670G pump & consumables	780G pump & consumables	T-Slim x 2 pump & consumables	Dana Pump & consumables
	Guardian™ Sensor 3	Guardian™ Sensor 3	Dexcom G6 sensor	Dexcom G6 sensor
	Guardian™ 3 Link Transmitter	Guardian™ 3 Link Transmitter (BLE)	Dexcom G6 transmitter	Dexcom G6 transmitter
	Carelink account linked to centre	Carelink account linked to centre	Control IQ algorithm	Android phone
	Ascensia Contour Next Link 2.4	Roche Accu-Chek Guide Link Meter	Company started or HCP (Certification	CamAPS APP & paid subscription
		Patient: MiniMed Mobile APP	available)	Diasend account linked to centre
		Care partners: Carelink Connect APP	Diasend account linked to centre - optional	Certified trainers with number
CE Mark	7 years +	7 years +	6 years +	1 year +
	8u TDD	8u TDD	Weight 25-140kg	Weight 10-300kg
	NovoRapid, Humalog	NovoRapid, Humalog	10-100u TDD	5-300u TDD
			No pregnancy (Pump & Dexcom ok)	NovoRapid, Humalog, Apidra
			NovoRapid & Humalog	Dexcom licenced from 2yrs so clinical decision if using 1-2yrs
				NovoRapid, Humalog, Apidra, FiAsp

What settings will help for exercise?



T-Slim Control IQ Variable 670G & 780G CamAPS FX DIY Control IQ Exercise Target 7.8-8.9mmol/L. DIY: user set (3.5 – 14.0 mmol/L) Temp target 8.3mmol/L Ease Off: No insulin delivered below Exercise 7.7mmol/L, insulin sensitivity increased by Effective if exercise more than 90 minutes after Can set insulin setting profiles with basal rates, ICR and Can set insulin setting profiles with basal 50% in the algorithm, target increased by ISF relaxed e.g. -25% (mixed) & -50% (aerobic). rates, ICR and ISF relaxed e.g. 25% (mixed) & eating if Active insulin is set at 2-3 hours 2.5mmol/L (5.8 to 8.2mmol/L) 50% (aerobic). Temp target must be set 90 minutes before activity. Set Exercise Target and insulin profile 90 minutes before Set 90 minutes before activity. Set Exercise Target and insulin profile 90 activity. Effective for preventing hypos after activity by Effective for preventing hypos after activity by minutes before activity. extending up to 6 hours after. Effective for preventing hypos after activity by extending extending up to 6 hours after. Effective for preventing hypos after activity by up to 6 hours after. Will need to reduce carbs (25-50%) entered into As shows below: 90 minutes after eating, extending up to 6 hours after. bolus wizard if meal within 90 minutes of exercise As shows below: 90 minutes after eating, basal is basal is running normally as the algorithm due to little or no basal running as IOB is high. running normally as recognises carbs on board, recognises carbs on board, therefore more therefore more chance of Exercise target, change of chance of "Ease off" preventing hypo. May insulin settings profile and Control IQ preventing hypo. still need less carbs (25%) entered into bolus calculator if exercise within 90 mins of eating. Monday 31/08 0.19 U IA AA. AAAR DIR 10 AM 11 AM 12 PM 1 PM 2 PM 3 PM Activity Sleep Extended bolus Automatic correction bolus Active Carbohydrates

Must drip feed carbs during exercise as needed (same for DIY)?



670G & 780G	T-Slim Control IQ	CamAPS FX
If Algorithm predicts above the Temp target level	If Algorithm predicts above the Exercise target level	If Algorithm predicts above the "Ease off" target level the
the basal insulin is increased = Hypo risk	the basal insulin is increased = Hypo risk	extended bolus is increased = Hypo risk
target level and going high fast autocorrection no		If Algorithm predicts above the "Ease off" level and going high fast a more aggressive extended bolus is delivered = Bi hypo risk
		Drip feed glucose every 20 minutes. Start at 0.5g/kg/hr and vary according to CGM trend arrows. E.g. 60kg = 10g per 20 minutes
	If Algorithm predicts above the Temp target level the basal insulin is increased = Hypo risk If 780G Algorithm predicts above the Temp target level and going high fast autocorrection no longer applied = hypo protection Drip feed glucose every 20 minutes. Start at 0.5g/kg/hr and vary according to CGM trend	If Algorithm predicts above the Temp target level the basal insulin is increased = Hypo risk If 780G Algorithm predicts above the Temp target level and going high fast autocorrection no longer applied = hypo protection Drip feed glucose every 20 minutes. Start at 0.5g/kg/hr and vary according to CGM trend If Algorithm predicts above the Exercise target level the basal insulin is increased = Hypo risk If Algorithm predicts above the Temp target level and going above 10.0mmol/L an auto correction is delivered = Big hypo risk Drip feed glucose every 20 minutes. Start at 0.5g/kg/hr and vary according to CGM trend arrows.

Carbohydrate just before & during exercise NHS Moser et al 2020 NHS Foundation Trust

20 minutes before

Pre-exercise sensor glucose for different groups in T1D			Trend arrow	Act	ion		
Ex 2 and/or low hypo risk	Ex 1 and/or moderate hypo risk	Ex 0 and/or high hypo risk	Direction	Increase in sensor glucose expected	Decrease in sensor glucose expected		
	nmol/l (>270 n mmol/l blood	. ,	↑ 7→24	No Insulin co	*		
			71个	Consider insulin correction ^a , Can start AE	Consider insulin correction ^a , Can start all Ex		
		nmol/l (>270 mg/dl) mmol/l blood ketones				Consider insulin correction ^a , Can start AE	Can start all Ex
			74	Can sta	rt all Ex		
10.1-15.0	11.1-15.0	12.1-15.0	カト	Can start AE	Can start all Ex		
mmol/l	mmol/l	mmol/l	→				
(181–270 mg/dl)	(199–270 mg/dl)	(217–270 mg/dl)	74	Can sta	Can start all Ex		
7.0–10.0	8.0-11.0	9.0–12.0	7↑ →	Can sta	rt all Ex		
mmol/l (126–180 mg/dl)	mmol/l (145–198 mg/dl)	mmol/l (162–216 mg/dl)	74	~5 g CHO (0.2 g/kg), Can start all Ex	~10 g CHO (0.3 g/kg), Can start all Ex		
			77个	Can start all Ex	~5 g CHO (0.2 g/kg), Can start all Ex		
5.0–6.9 mmol/l (90–125	5.0-7.9 mmol/l (90-144	5.0–8.9 mmol/l (90–161	→	~5 g CHO (0.2 g/kg), Can start all Ex	~10 g CHO (0.3 g/kg), Can start all Ex		
mg/dl)	mg/dl)	mg/dl	Ä	~10 g CHO (0.3 g/kg), Delay all Ex ^b	~15 g CHO (0.4 g/kg), Delay all Ex ^b		
			Ψ	Individual amour Delay			
	<5.0 mmol/l			Individual amount CHO	ingestion,		
	(<90 mg/dl)			Delay all Ex ^b			

Every 15-20 minutes during

Pre-exercise sensor glucose for different groups in T1D			Trend arrow	Action		
Ex 2 and/or low hypo risk	Ex 1 and/or moderate hypo risk	Ex 0 and/or high hypo risk	Direction	Increase in sensor glucose expected	Decrease in sensor glucose expected	
	nmol/l (>270 r mmol/l blood	0, ,	↑ 7→24	No Insulin co		
45.0	1// / 272	/ 10	カト	Consider insulin correction ^a , Can start AE	Consider insulin correction ^a , Can start all Ex	
	>15.0 mmol/l (>270 mg/dl) AND ≤1.5 mmol/l blood ketones			Consider insulin correction ^a , Can start AE	Can start all Ex	
			74	Can sta	rt all Ex	
10.1-15.0	11.1-15.0	12.1-15.0	77个	Can start AE	Can start all Ex	
mmol/l	mmol/l	mmol/l	→			
(181–270 mg/dl)	(199–270 mg/dl)	(217–270 mg/dl)	74	Can sta	rt all Ex	
7.0–10.0	8.0-11.0	9.0-12.0	カト	Can sta	rt all Ev	
mmol/l	mmol/l	mmol/l	→		TE dil EX	
(126–180	(145–198	(162–216	Avde	~5 g CHO	~10 g CHO	
mg/dl)	mg/dl)	mg/dl)	74	(0.2 g/kg), Can start all Ex	(0.3 g/kg), Can start all Ex	
			77个	Can start all Ex	~5 g CHO (0.2 g/kg), Can start all Ex	
5.0-6.9 mmol/l (90-125	5.0-7.9 mmol/l (90-144	5.0-8.9 mmol/l (90-161	→	~5 g CHO (0.2 g/kg), Can start all Ex	~10 g CHO (0.3 g/kg), Can start all Ex	
mg/dl)	mg/dl)	mg/dl	ä	~10 g CHO (0.3 g/kg), Delay all Ex ^b	~15 g CHO (0.4 g/kg), Delay all Ex ^b	
			Ψ	Individual amour Delay		
	<5.0 mmol/l			Individual amount CHO	ingestion,	
one detailed fo	(<90 mg/dl)		ma 1 diabataa	Delay all Exb	dain a an A/an Larry mials a C	

Moser at al (2020) Moser at al (2020)

Carbs 20 min before & every 20 min during



Sensor glucose Levels	Trend arrow & action to take	Grams carb g/kg/20min (60min) - Aerobic	Grams carb g/kg/20min (60min) - Mixed	Grams carb g/kg/20min (60min) - Anaerobic	
<4.0mmol/L	Treat hypo, re-check & follow below guidance	0.5/kg	0.5/kg	0.5/kg	
	$\bigcirc\bigcirc$	0.5 (1.5)	0.45 (1.35)	0.4 (1.2)	
4.0-4.9		0.4 (1.2)	0.35 (1.05)	0.3 (0.9)	
mmol/L	\bigcirc	0.3 (0.9)	0.25 (0.75)	0.2 (0.6)	
		0.2 (0.6)	0.15 (0.45)	0.1 (0.3)	
		0.1 (0.3)	0.05 (0.15)	0 (0)	
E2: 5.0-6.9 mmol/L		0.5 (1.5)	0.45 (1.35)	0.4 (1.2)	
E1: 5.0-7.9		0.4 (1.2)	0.35 (1.05)	0.3 (0.9)	
mmol/L E0: 5.0-8.9	\bigcirc	0.3 (0.9)	0.25 (0.75)	0.2 (0.6)	
mmol/L		0.2(0.6)	0.1 (0.3)	0 (0)	
E2: 7.0–10.0mmol/L		0.3 (0.9)	0.25 (0.75)	0.2 (0.6)	
E1: 8.0-11.0mmol/L E0: 8.0-12.0mmol/L		0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	
·		0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	
13.9 mmol/L	All Arrows	0 (0)	0.0 (0)	0.0 (0)	
>13.9	\bigcirc	Ok to exercise: No carbohydrate needed for 20 minutes			
mmol/L & ketones <0.5mmol/L		Ok to exercise: No carbohydrate needed for 20 minutes, may need 50% of correction dose			
ketones >0.5mmol/L	All Arrows	No exercise: Requires ketones less than 0.6n			

Capped at 60kg due to glucose absorption limit of 1g/min for glucose and 1.5g/kg for mixed fast acting carb sources – Jeukendrup (2014) *Sports Med* **44,** 25–33

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Glucose Control During Physical Activity and Exercise Using Closed Loop Technology in Adults and Adolescents with Type 1 Diabetes

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Table 3 Open vs closed loop diabetes management strategies for exercise

	Open loop	Closed loop			
Contraindications Before exercise meal bolus	 Recent severe hypoglycemia (i.e. loss of consciousne Significant hyperglycemia (>15.0 mmol/L) Ketones (≥1.5 mmol/L) Meal bolus >3 h before exercise: Usual bolus with of 	•			
before exercise mean bonds	Meal bolus <1–3 h before exercise: Reduce bolus by:				
	25% for light exercise				
	50% for moderate aerobic exercise				
	75% for heavy aerobic exercise				
Before exercise basal adjustment	50% to 80% reduction 90 min before exercise and/or Pump suspension at exercise start	Exercise target 1–2 h earlier and/or If pump disconnected, should be suspended			
Before exercise CHO (if glucose < 7.0 mmol/L)	 <5.0 mmol/L: 10–30 g CHO 5.0–6.9 mmol/L: 10 g CHO (aerobic) 	 As per open loop * Give <10 min before exercise 			
Before exercise CHO (if glucose 7.0–10.0 mmol/L)	0 g CHO				
Before exercise CHO (if glucose >10.0 mmol/L)	0 g CHO • 10.1–15.0 mmol/L: Start exercise (aerobic)				
	Ketones < 0.6 mmol/L (mild to moderate exercise)				
	Ketones 0.6–1.4 mmol/L (light/short-duration exercise)				
Before exercise meal bolus	0% to 50% bolus reduction	Usual bolus/slight reduction (<25%)			
Before exercise basal adjustment	20% basal reduction for 6 h at bedtime	Exercise target off †			

CHO, carbohydrate; h, hours; min, minutes. Note: Modified from Riddell et al (13).



^{*} Denotes less CHO may be required with closed loop (~ 10 to 20 g).

[†] Denotes that, if patients are at high risk of hypoglycemia after exercise (e.g. prolonged aerobic or mixed activity), consider continuing exercise target for several hours after activity or overnight.

Control IQ Calculator Algorithm



			Before exercise		During exercise	xercise	
		Meal insulin: carbohydrate reduction	on into Bolus Calculator	Control IQ (Manual Mode) Target (basal)	Carbohydrate 20 mins before, every 20 mins during	Contro	I IQ ON
Exercise type	Plan execution	Within 90mins of exercise, reduction of carbohydrate to enter into Bolus Calculator: Closed Loop (Open Loop)	More than 90 minutes before exercise: Closed Loop (Open Loop)	Target to activate 90 minutes before exercise (basal change 90 minutes before activity)	See carbs chart for glucose level and trend arrows	Control IQ ON If eating after exercise: Select insulin profile for 90 minutes after activity	Start Control IQ ON If not eating after exercise Set Target
	Went low first time	-50% Insulin profile before eating (-75% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise (-75% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-50% insulin profile 90 minutes after exercise & Normal Target	Exercise Target for 6 hours
Aerobic	Starting plan	-25% Insulin profile before eating (-50% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise (-50% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-25% insulin profile 90 minutes after exercise & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went high first time	Normal profile (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		Normal profile & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went low first time	-25% Insulin profile before eating (-50% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise (-50% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-50% insulin profile 90 minutes after exercise & Normal Target	Exercise Target for 6 hours
Mixed	Starting plan	Normal profile (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-25% insulin profile 90 minutes after exercise & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went high first time	Normal Profile (No change)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Normal Target (No basal rate change)		Normal profile & & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went low first time	-25% Insulin profile before eating (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-25% insulin profile 90 minutes after exercise & Normal Target	Exercise Target for 6 hours
	Starting plan	Normal Profile (No change)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Normal Target (No basal rate change)		Normal profile & Normal Target	Normal Target
Anaerobic	Went high first time	Normal Profile & Enter full carbs and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise (Enter full carbs and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Normal target and small bolus 15 mins pre- exercise (No basal change and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise)		Normal Profile & Sleep Target for 6 hours	Normal Target

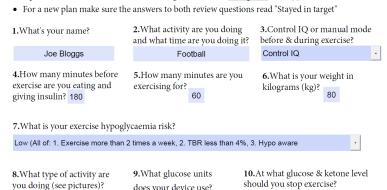
Control IQ Example



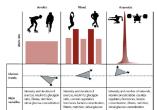
T-Slim Control IQ Type 1 DEC (Diabetes Exercise Calculator)

I agree: I am a qualified diabetes professional. I will not give this to a patient. I will only use the calculator after watching this video and achieving competency. I will not pass the calculator on to any other person. I will only use the calculator with Adobe Acrobat Reader? Yes

• Open in Adobe Acrobat Reader (click to get for free): <u>Computer</u> <u>Apple</u>



does your device use?



Guidelines the Type 1 DEC is based on (click & read):

• Moser et al (2020) EASD/ISPAD CGM& Exercise

≥14.0mmol/L (250mg/dL) & ≥0.6mmol/L

- Adolfsson et el (2018) ISPAD Paediatric Exercise
- Riddell et al (2017) Type 1 Exercise Consensus (where the graphic is from)

Adapting the plan after trying the first trial:

Glucose level during exercise? Glucose level after exercise? Stayed in target Stayed in target

Disclaimer

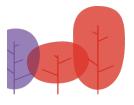
- · Plans must be made by a qualified diabetes professional
- Always consult a qualified diabetes professional before trying or adapting a plan



Joe Bloggs

Activity How long for How long after meal	Meal before Exercise Target or Basal before	Activity	After activity: Control IQ ON Choose 1 if eating after Choose 2 if not eating after
Football for 60 minutes	Enter all carbs into the Bolus Calculator	See the chart below for exercise action required for: 1. 20 mins before 2. Just before	Eating after: Set Insulin Profile -25% for 90 mins set a Normal Target
starting 180 minutes after last meal	Exercise Target 90 minutes before exercise	3. Every 20 mins For safety: set low alert at 5.6mmol/L	2. Not eating after: Set Normal Target

	exercise						
Sensor glucose Levels	Trend arrow & action to take	Carbohydrate grams needed for 20 mins	Dextrose (3g)	Lucozade			
<4.0mmol/L Check BG	<3.0mmol/L: NO exercise	30 Treat & re-check in 20 minutes	10	333			
	↓ ↓↓	27 & delay exercise for 20 minutes	9	300			
	R	21 & delay exercise for 20 minutes	7	233			
4.0-4.9 mmol/L	\rightarrow	15 & delay exercise for 20 minutes	5	167			
IIIIIOI/E	7	9 & delay exercise for 20 minutes	3	100			
	ተ ተተ	3 & delay exercise for 20 minutes	1	33			
	4 4 4	27 & start exercise check in 20 mins	9	300			
5.0-6.9	Я	21 & start exercise check in 20 mins	7	233			
mmol/L	→	15 & start exercise check in 20 mins	5	167			
	ወ ለ ተ	6 & start exercise check in 20 mins	2	67			
	7 1 11	15 & start exercise check in 20 mins	5	167			
7.0-10.0 mmol/L	→	0 & start exercise check in 20 mins					
	7 ተ ተተ	0 & start exercise check in 20 mins					
10.1-13.9 mmol/L	All Arrows	0 & start exercise check in 20 mins					
≥14.0mmol/L (Check BG)	\rightarrow \land \land \land \land	OK to exercise: No carbohydrate for 20 minu					
& ketones <0.6mmol/L	7 ↑ ↑↑	OK to exercise: Consider 50% of correction dose before starti					
≥14.0mmol/L & ketones ≥0.6mmol/L	All Arrows	rows No exercise: Correction dose & ketones <0.6mmol/L before starting exercise					



670G & 780G Calculator Algorithm



		Before exercise			During exercise After exercise			
			Meal insulin: Auto Mode (Manual Mode)		Carbohydrate 20 mins before, every 20			
		Carbohydrate reducti	rate reduction into Bolus Wizard Target (basal)		mins during	Auto Mode ON		
Exercise type	Plan execution	Within 90mins of exercise, reduction of carbohydrate to enter into Bolus Wizard: Auto Mode (Manual Mode)	More than 90 minutes before exercise: Auto Mode (Manual Mode)	Target to activate 90 minutes before exercise (basal to change 90 minutes before exercise)	See carbs chart for glucose level and trend arrows	Auto Mode ON If eating after exercise: Reduction of carbohydrate to enter into Bolus Wizard	Auto Mode ON If not eating after exercise Set Target	
	Went low first time	-75% carbs (-75% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Temp Target 90 minutes before exercise (-75% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-75% carbs & Normal Target	Temp target for 6 hours	
Aerobic	Starting plan	-50% carbs (-50% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Temp Target 90 minutes before exercise (-50% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-50% carbs & Normal Target	Normal Target	
	Went high first time	-25% carbs (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	No Temp Target (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)	. • ,		Normal Target	
	Went low first time	-50% carbs (-50% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Temp Target 90 minutes before exercise (-50% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-75% carbs & Normal Target	Temp target for 6 hours	
Mixed	Starting plan	-25% carbs (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Temp Target 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-50% carbs & Normal Target	Normal Target	
	Went high first time	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	No Temp Target (No basal change)		-25% carbs & Normal Target	Normal Target	
	Went low first time	-25% carbs (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Temp Target 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		50% carbs & Normal Target	Temp target for 6 hours	
	Starting plan	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	No Temp Target (No basal change)		-25% carbs & Normal Target	Normal Target	
Anaerobic	Went high first time	Enter all carbs and small bolus 15 mins pre- exercise (Enter all carbs and small bolus 15 mins pre- exercise)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	No Temp target and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise (No basal change and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise)		No change & Normal Target	Normal Target	

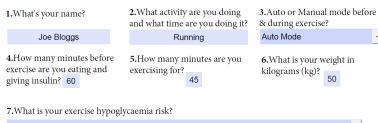
670G & 780G Example



Medtronic 670G & 780G Type 1 DEC (Diabetes Exercise Calculator)

I agree: I am a qualified diabetes professional. I will not give this to a patient. I will only use the calculator after watching this <u>video</u> and achieving <u>competency</u>. I will not pass the calculator on to any other person. I will only use the calculator with Adobe Acrobat Reader? Yes

- Open in Adobe Acrobat Reader (click to get for free): <u>Computer</u> <u>Apple</u> <u>Android</u>
- For a new plan make sure the answers to both review questions read "Stayed in target"



Low (All of: 1. Exercise more than 2 times a week, 2. TBR less than 4%, 3. Hypo aware

8.What type of activity are you doing (see pictures)?

9.What glucose units does your device use?

10.At what glucose & ketone level should you stop exercise?

≥14.0mmol/L (250mg/dL) & ≥0.6mmol/L

Aerobic - mmol/L

Andrew Novel

Guidelines the Type 1 DEC is based on (click & read):

- Moser et al (2020) EASD/ISPAD CGM& Exercise
- Adolfsson et el (2018) ISPAD Paediatric Exercise
- Riddell et al (2017) Type 1 Exercise Consensus (where the graphic is from)

Adapting the plan after trying the first trial:

Glucose level during exercise? Glucose level after exercise?

Stayed in target Stayed in target

Disclaimer

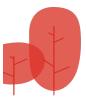
- Plans must be made by a qualified diabetes professional
- Always consult a qualified diabetes professional before trying or adapting a plan



Joe Bloggs

Activity How long for How long after meal	Meal before Temp Target or Basal before	Activity	After activity: Auto Mode ON Choose 1 if eating after Choose 2 if not eating after
Running for 45 minutes	Reduce carbs entered into Bolus Wizard by 50%	See the chart below for exercise action required for: 1. 20 mins before 2. Just before	Eating after: Reduce carbs entered by 50% & set a Normal Target
starting 60 minutes after last meal	Temp Target 90 minutes before exercise	3. Every 20 mins For safety: set low alert at 5.6mmol/L	2. Not eating after: Set Normal Target

Sensor glucose Levels	Trend arrow & action to take			Carbohydrate ams needed for 20 mins	Dextrose (3g)	·	Lucozade -
<4.0mmol/L Check BG	<3.0mm exe	ol/L: NO cise	25	Treat & re-check in 20 minutes	8		278
	$\downarrow \downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	25	& delay exercise for 20 minutes	8		278
	1	•	20	& delay exercise for 20 minutes	7		222
4.0-4.9 mmol/L			15	& delay exercise for 20 minutes	5		167
THITION E	1	`	10	& delay exercise for 20 minutes	3		111
	个个	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	5	& delay exercise for 20 minutes	2		56
	$\downarrow \downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	25	& start exercise check in 20 mins	8		278
5.0-6.9	\downarrow		20	& start exercise check in 20 mins	7		222
mmol/L			15	& start exercise check in 20 mins	5		167
	\uparrow $\uparrow\uparrow$	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	10	& start exercise check in 20 mins	3		111
	\downarrow $\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	15	& start exercise check in 20 mins	5		167
7.0-10.0 mmol/L			0	& start exercise check in 20 mins			
	个 个个	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	0	& start exercise check in 20 mins			
10.1-13.9 mmol/L	All	Arrows	0	& start exercise check in 20 mins			
≥14.0mmol/L (Check BG)	<u> </u>	·	OK to exercise: No carbohydrate for 20 minutes				
& ketones <0.6mmol/L	↑ ↑ ↑	$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$	Co	Ol onsider 50% of c	K to exercise: orrection dose	e b	efore starting
≥14.0mmol/L & ketones ≥0.6mmol/L	All A	rrows	No exercise: Correction dose & ketones <0.6mmol/L before starting exercise				



CAMAPS FX Calculator Algorithm



I		Before exercise			During exercise After exercise		xercise
		Meal insulin: carbohydrate reduction into Bolus		Auto Mode (Manual Mode)	Carbohydrate 20 mins before, every 20		
		Calculator		Target (basal)	mins during	Auto Mode ON	
Exercise type	Plan execution	Within 90mins of exercise, reduction of carbohydrate to enter into Bolus Calculator: Auto Mode (Manual mode)	More than 90 minutes before exercise: Closed Loop (Open Loop)	Target or basal to activate 90 minutes before exercise: Closed Loop (Open Loop)	See carbs chart for glucose level and trend arrows	Auto Mode ON If eating after exercise: Reduction of carbohydrate to enter into Bolus Wizard	Auto Mode ON If not eating after exercise Set Target
Aerobic	Went low first time	-50% carbs (-75% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise (-75% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-50% carbs & Normal Target	Ease off for 6 hours
	Starting plan	-25% carbs (-50% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise (-50% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-25% carbs & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went high first time	No change (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		No change & Normal Target	Boost for 3 hours
Mixed	Went low first time	-25% carbs (-50% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise (-50% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-50% carbs & Normal Target	Ease off for 6 hours
	Starting plan	Enter all carbs (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		-25% carbs & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went high first time	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Normal Target (No basal rate change)		No change & Normal Target	Boost for 3 hours
Anaerobic	Went low first time	-25% carbs (-25% carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise (-25% basal rate 90 minutes before exercise)		25% carbs & Normal Target	Ease off for 6 hours
	Starting plan	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Normal Target (No basal rate change)		No change & Normal Target	Normal Target
	Went high first time	Enter full carbs and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise (No change)	Enter all carbs (Enter all carbs)	Normal target and small bolus 15 mins pre- exercise (No basal change and small bolus 15 mins pre-exercise)		No change & Boost for 3 hours	Boost for 3 hours

CAMAPS FX Example



Joe Bloggs

Activity How long for How long after meal	Meal before Ease off or Basal before	Activity	After activity: Auto Mode ON Choose 1 if eating after Choose 2 if not eating after
Cycling 18:00 for 60 minutes	Reduce carbs entered into Bolus Calculator by 25%	See the chart below for exercise action required for: 1. 20 mins before	Eating after: Reduce carbs entered by 25% & set a Normal Target
starting 45 minutes after last meal	Ease Off 90 minutes before exercise	Just before Every 20 mins For safety: set low alert at 5.6mmol/L	2. Not eating after: Set Normal Target

Sensor glucose Levels	Trend arrow & action to take	Carbohydra grams needed 20 mins		(3g) •	Lucozade	·	
<4.0mmol/L Check BG	<3.0mmol/L: NO exercise	30 Treat & re- in 20 min		0	333		
	1 1 1	30 & delay exe for 20 min		0	333		
	R	24 & delay exe for 20 min	ercise utes	3	267	267	
4.0-4.9 mmol/L	→	18 & delay exe for 20 min	ercise utes	3	200	200	
IIIIIO//E	7	12 & delay exe for 20 min		1	133		
	ተ ተተ	6 & delay exe for 20 min	ercise 2	2	67		
	↓ ↓↓	30 & start exe check in 20		0	333		
5.0-6.9	K	24 & start exert check in 20		3	267		
mmol/L	\rightarrow	18 & start exe check in 20		3	200		
	ፆ ተ ተተ	12 & start exe		1	133		
	л ↑ ↑↑	18 & start exe check in 20		3	200		
7.0-10.0 mmol/L	→	0 & start exe					
	7 ተ ተተ	0 & start exe					
10.1-13.9 mmol/L			rcise mins				
≥14.0mmol/L (Check BG)	\rightarrow \land \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow	OK to exercise: No carbohydrate for 20 minutes					
& ketones <0.6mmol/L	7 ↑ ↑↑	OK to exercise: Consider 50% of correction dose before starting			ng		
≥14.0mmol/L & ketones ≥0.6mmol/L	All Arrows	No exercise: Correction dose & ketones <0.6mmol/L before starting exercise					

